#### **Pollinator Plants**





Our native pollinators are in trouble, but gardeners are in a unique position to help. Here at Sky Nursery, we are thrilled that so many in our community want to do their part.

#### WHAT ARE POLLINATORS & WHY ARE THEY SO IMPORTANT?

Here in the Pacific Northwest, some of our most important pollinators include native bumblebees, solitary bees, butterflies, moths, flies, and hummingbirds. While honeybees are also important pollinators, they aren't the ones who most need our help. Since different kinds of pollinators have different needs, one of the first steps to making a difference for pollinators is simply learning more about them!

Pollinators are considered keystone species because large communities of plants and animals (including humans) depend on them. Thriving populations of diverse native pollinators are important not only for the plants that rely on them in order to reproduce, but also for entire food webs that depend on those plants.

#### WHAT CAN GARDENERS DO TO HELP?

- Reduce or completely eliminate pesticides, practice holistic pest prevention, and accept small pest outbreaks as just a part of the natural cycles of your garden.
- Plan for abundant blooms all year long, not just in the spring/summer months, and include at least some native plants. It's also a good idea to stick to classic varieties known to be great pollinator plants like the ones in the list below.
- Provide water trays in hot summer months with pebbles for pollinators to land on
- Choose a few plants that you wouldn't mind seeing holes on. Moth and butterfly caterpillars need leaves to eat; we identify good host plants in the list below.
- Allow sections of your garden to grow wild and undisturbed with native shrubs and leaf piles to provide nest sites and overwintering habitat for bumblebees and solitary bees.
- Let veggies and herbs go to seed! Some of the best pollinator plants are edibles like parsley, kale, and cilantro that have bolted. This is true for many common weeds as well.
- Consider getting involved with advocacy organizations like The Xerces Society that are working for large-scale change on the larger challenges pollinators face.
- Share pollinator info on social media, work with existing educational organizations, and share your appreciation of pollinators with friends, family and neighbors.

Whatever steps you take to support local pollinators in the PNW are steps in the right direction. Over time, you can be certain that more and more beneficial insects will begin to visit, increasing crop yields, natural beauty, and the overall health of your garden. After all, a garden without pollinators wouldn't be much of a garden at all!









## **LATE WINTER** - January & February

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Arctostaphylos</b> Manzanita	* Y	Evergreen shrub	Long blooming, bell shaped pink/ white flowers, caterpillar host plant
<b>Corylus sp.</b> Hazelnut, Filbert	*	Deciduous native tree	Edible nuts, ornamental varieties available; takes partial shade
<b>Crocus</b> Crocus	*	Bulb	Great early bloomer; can naturalize; good in containers
<b>Cyclamen, hardy</b> Cyclamen	*	Bulb	Naturalizing bulb, unique pink/red/ white flowers, takes light shade
<b>Erica carnea</b> Winter Heather	Y	Evergreen shrub	Compact sub-shrub grown for foliage interest as well as flowers
<b>Hamamelis</b> Witch Hazel	Y	Deciduous shrub	Full sun, spidery yellow, orange, or red blooms, great fall color
<b>Mahonia</b> Oregon Grape	* Y	Evergreen native shrub	Shade, yellow blooms, summer blue berries for songbirds
<b>Galanthus</b> Snow Drops	*	Bulb	Very hardy early-season bloomer that can naturalize, full-part sun
<b>Pieris japonica</b> Andromeda	* 7	Evergreen shrub	Long blooming bell flowers, tolerates light shade, great in containers
Sarcococca Sweet Box	Y	Evergreen shrub	Shade loving, very fragrant white flowers

#### LATE WINTER TO EARLY SPRING - Late February & March

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Aurinia saxatilis</b> Basket of Gold	×	Evergreen groundcover	Mounding plant with bright yellow flower clusters, seaside tolerant
<b>Berberis asstd.</b> Barberry	¥	Deciduous shrub	Very tough, easy to grow, drought tolerant with red berries in fall
<b>Chaenomeles</b> Flowering Quince	Y	Deciduous shrub	Brightly colored flowers before the foliage emerges
<b>Clematis armandii</b> Evergreen Clematis	Y	Evergreen vine	Fragrant white to light pink flowers, beautiful foliage
<b>Crataegus asstd.</b> Hawthorne	* 7	Deciduous tree	Lovely, multi trunked, urban gardens Look for native var. <i>C. douglasii</i>
<b>Oxalis oregano</b> Redwood Sorrel	¥	PNW Native groundcover	Shade, can tolerate wet & dry soil conditions, white blooms
<b>Prunus asstd.</b> Plum tree	¥	Fruiting/ flowering tree	Full sun, Pink blooms will be buzzing with bees this time of year!
<b>Ribes sanguineum</b> Flowering Currant	Y	Deciduous native shrub	Elegant, red, white & pink blooms, best for pollinators is native red

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Rubus spectabilis</b> Salmonberry	* 7	Deciduous edible shrub	Native relative of raspberry; pink flowers; songbirds love fruit
<b>Salix asstd.</b> Willow	**	Deciduous tree	Great pollen, short bloom, only 10 to 15 days, tolerates wet soil

## **HIGH SPRING** - End of March, April, & Early May

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Amelanchier alnifolia</b> Serviceberry	* Y	Deciduous shrub	Butterfly host plant, Fruits loved by birds & small mammals
<b>Antirrhinum</b> Snapdragon	Y	Annual flower	Cold tolerant, blooms both spring & fall in variety of colors
<b>Aquilegia</b> Columbine	Y	Perennial flower	Red-flowered varieties are best; native species available
<b>Armeria</b> Thrift, Sea Pink	×	Perennial flower	Full sun, container plant, slow spread, Look for native <i>Armeria maritima</i>
<b>Borago officinalis</b> Borage	<b>₩</b>	Annual flower	Bee's favorite food. Easy to grow, edible blue flowers. Will self-sow.
<b>Calendula</b> Calendula	**	Annual flower	Can re-seed, thrives in cooler weather, blooms spring & fall
<b>Dicentra formosa</b> Bleeding Heart	* Y	Perennial flower	Lovely spring ephemeral flower, Caterpillar host plant
<b>Gaultheria shallon</b> Salal	**>	Native groundcover	Edible fruit July-September, slow growing, white bell-shaped flowers
<b>Iberis</b> Candytuft	×	Perennial flower	Full sun, some re-blooming varieties, good in rock gardens/sandy soil
Lychnis coronaria Rose campion	¥	Perennial flower	Full-part sun, red, pink or white flowers similar to dianthus
<i>Malus</i> Apple, Crabapple	* Y	Deciduous fruit tree	White/pink flowers, good fall color; caterpillar host plant
Phlox paniculata Phlox	* Y	Perennial flower	Groundcover varieties available, long blooming, flower clusters
<b>Physocarpus opulifolius</b> Ninebark	¥	Evergreen shrub	Full sun, bee magnet! Flower clusters on a variety of foliage colors
<b>Prunus sp.</b> Cherry tree	¥	Fruiting/ flowering tree	Full sun, pink/white blooms, plus, w/ fruiting varieties: delicious cherries!
<b>Pulmonaria</b> Lungwort	¥	Perennial flower	Shade-loving plant, silver-spotted foliage, blue/pink flowers
<b>Rhododendron</b> Rhododendron, Azalea	* Y	Evergreen shrub	Shade loving, some sun varieties, caterpillar host plant!
Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary	* 7	Evergreen herb	Full sun, good drainage; trailing & upright forms available
Salvia officinalis Culinary Sage	**7	Evergreen herb	Soft gray green foliage; see other salvias below, avoid 'Berggarten' sp.

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Sambucus</b> Elderberry	**>	Deciduous edible shrub	Short bloom, great fall color, fast growing, tasty berries
<b>Tagetes patula</b> French Marigold	×	Annual flower	Great edging plant, orange, golden, & variegated blooms
<b>Taraxacum officinale</b> Dandelion	**>	Edible weed	Long blooming (as we all know) great caterpillar host plant
<b>Teuchrium chamaedrys</b> Germander	**	Evergreen Per. herb	Dark green foliage; cut back hard in March, then allow to flower
<b>Thymus, asstd.</b> Thyme	<b>₩</b>	Evergreen herb	Full sun, edible & groundcover varieties, adorable purple flowers
<b>Verbena</b> Verbena	**>	Perennial flower	Long blooming, full sun, deer & rabbit resistant, pink, white, purple
<b>Viola</b> Violet	**	Annual/edible flower	Spring/fall bloom, caterpillar host plant, self-seed, shade tolerant
<b>Wisteria</b> Wisteria	* 7	Deciduous vine	Abundant & fragrant sprays of violet, pink, or white flower spikes

#### LATE SPRING/EARLY SUMMER - May & June

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Achillea</b> Yarrow	**	Perennial flower	Long blooming, native variety available, aromatic and herbal
<b>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</b> Kinnikinnick/Bearberry	**>	Native groundcover	Fragrant bell-shaped flowers, then red berries, evergreen leaves
<b>Ceanothus</b> California lilac	<b>O</b> WY	Evergreen native shrub	Drought tolerant, blue/violet flowers, caterpillar host plant
<b>Clematis asstd.</b> Clematis	Y	Deciduous vine	Dwarf to large; rainbow of colors available; many will rebloom
<b>Cornus</b> Dogwood	<b>X</b> Y	Deciduous tree	Many white or pink flowers; good fall color, caterpillar host plant
<b>Delphinium</b> Larkspur	Y	Perennial flower	Spikes of attractive blue, pink, purple, or white fairy flowers
<b>Dianthus barbatus</b> Sweet William	**	Biennial flower	Short-lived but, can re-seed, tolerates light shade, white, pink, red flowers
<b>Fuchsia</b> Fuchsia	**	Annual & Perennial	Hanging baskets will be hummer magnets all summer
<b>Gaillardia</b> Blanket Flower	×	Perennial flower	Full sun, can self-seed with some hybridized variations
<b>Lupinus</b> Lupine	**>	Perennial flower	Full sun, can self-seed, deer resistant, caterpillar host plant
Papaver sp. Breadseed/Shirley Poppy	¥	Annual flower	Re-seeding pink, purple, red & white flowers, attractive seed pods
<b>Philadelphus</b> Mock Orange	×	Deciduous shrub	Fragrant white flowers, North American native plant

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Rosa</b> Wild Rose	**>	Deciduous shrub	Avoid sterile roses w/ low pollen & fragrance, caterpillar host plant
<b>Scabiosa</b> Pincushion Flower	**	Perennial flower	Full sun, deadhead for more blooms, periwinkle blue flowers
<b>Spiraea</b> Spiraea	**	Deciduous shrub	Spring/summer blooming var., deer resistant, Look for native <i>S. douglasii</i>
<b>Syringa</b> Lilac	**>	Deciduous shrub	Short blooming but worth it, insanely fragrant blooms, lush green foliage
<b>Tropaeolum majus</b> Nasturtium	×	Annual flower	Long-blooming red/orange, can self- seed, edible, caterpillar host plant
<b>Weigela</b> Weigela	Y	Deciduous shrub	Low maintenance, pink, white, or red flowers with attractive foliage
<b>Vaccinium parviflorum</b> Red Huckleberry	**>	Native fruit shrub	Whitish pink/green flowers, bright green foliage, and delicious fruit
<i>Vaccinium sp.</i> Blueberry	**>	Deciduous fruit shrub	Attractive foliage with brilliant fall color, delicious berries
<b>Zinnia elegans</b> Zinnia	* Y	Annual flower	Long blooming, rainbow of colors, various heights, great cut flower!

## **HIGH SUMMER** - June, July, & August

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Asclepias asstd.</b> Butterfly Weed	# (D) Y	Perennial flower	Abundant nectar; Caterpillar host plant (monarch fav. but rare in PNW)
<b>Alcea rosea</b> Hollyhock	Y	Perennial flower	Tall, long-blooming cottage garden flower in pink, white, red and purples
<b>Begonia</b> Begonia	Y	Annual flower	Shade loving; upright, trailing waxleaf varieties all available
<b>Campanula sp.</b> Bellflower	* Y	Perennial flower	Full sun, part shade, beautiful periwinkle bell-shaped blooms
<b>Campsis</b> Trumpet Vine	Y	Perennial vine	Vigorous growth habit; tubular orange or red flowers
<b>Clarkia</b> Clarkia	×	PNW Native wildflower	Full sun, part shade, pink/red flowers, available as seeds at Sky
<b>Cleome asstd.</b> Spider Flower	* 7	Annual flower	Purple & pink flowers, 4-6' tall; foliage has unique herbaceous aroma
<b>Coreopsis grandiflora</b> Coreopsis	**	Perennial flower	Long blooming, golden yellow flowers, drought-tolerant
Coriander sativum Coriander/Cilantro	¥	Annual herb	Self-sowing, allow plants to flower (bolt) for pollinators, white flowers
Cosmos Cosmo	**	Annual flower	Long-blooming, easy to grow, makes a great meadow plant!
<b>Crocosmia</b> Coppertips	7	Perennial flower	Naturalizing bulb, tall spikes of bright red, orange, yellow flowers

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Cynara cardunculus</b> Cardoon	¥	Deciduous perennial	Silvery foliage, artichoke-like flower, 5' tall edible. Full sun & reg. water
<b>Digitalis</b> Foxglove	Y	Perennial flower	Tall spires of tubular pink, fuchsia, white and peach fairy flowers
<b>Geranium sp.</b> Cranesbill	**>	Perennial flower	Full sun, beautiful pink and blue single flowers, groundcover varieties
<b>Gladiolus</b> Gladiola	Y	Perennial flower	Bulb producing dwarf or tall spikes of flowers, rainbow of colors
<b>Heuchera</b> Coral Bells	* 7	Perennial flower	Year-round evergreen foliage, bell shaped pink/white blooms
<i>Kniphofia</i> Red Hot Poker Plant	Y	Perennial flower	Spectacular firework blooms of red shading to yellow, long blooming
<b>Lantana</b> Lantana	* Y	Annual flower	Long blooming, full sun, lots of color varieties, avoid foliage sap
<b>Leucanthemum</b> Shasta Daisies	**	Perennial flower	Full-part sun, large perennial with classic whie daisy flowers
<i>Lavandula asstd.</i> Lavender	**	Evergreen perennial	Well draining soil, do not fertilize, bees especially love Spanish var.
<b>Lobelia cardinalis</b> Cardinal Flower	Y	Perennial flower	Moisture-loving with flame-red blooms on tall flower spikes
<b>Lonicera</b> Honeysuckle	* Y	Flowering vine/shrub	Evergreen/Deciduous available; many fragrant; tubular flowers
<i>Melissa officinalis</i> Lemon Balm	•	Deciduous herb	Long blooming, easy to grow, self- seeding, small white/purple blooms
<b>Mentha piperita</b> Peppermint	**	Deciduous herb	Best mint for pollen, allow plants to flower for pollinator benefit!
<b>Monarda</b> Bee Balm	**>	Perennial flower	Long blooming, choose mildew resistant varieties
Nepeta asstd. Catmint (Not Catnip)	**	Deciduous perennial	Long blooming, easy to grow, full sun, great filler plant
<b>Oreganum officinalis</b> Oregano	**	Deciduous herb	Both culinary & ornamental varieties. Self sows nicely
<b>Penstemon</b> Beard Tongue	* Y	Perennial flower	Full sun, attractive tubular flowers in a rainbow of colors
<b>Perovskia atriplicifolia</b> Russian Sage	*	Perennial flower	Full sun, drought tolerant, architectural lavender flower spikes
<b>Phaseolus coccineus</b> Scarlet Runner Bean	Y	Annual vine	Ornamental or vegetable, vigorous, bright red flowers
<b>Phygelius</b> Cape Fuchsia	Y	Perennial flower	Sun-loving, like true fuchsias, peachy/ pink tubular flowers
<b>Salvia asstd.</b> Salvia	* 7	Annual & Perennial	Full sun, purple/white/pink flowers, some long-blooming varieties
<b>Senecio</b> Dusty Miller/Angel Wings	×	Perennial foliage	Full sun, yellow blooms in 2nd year, caterpillar host plant

# **LATE SUMMER/EARLY AUTUMN** - Late August & September

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Agastache asstd.</b> Anise Hyssop	* 7	Perennial flower/herb	Full sun, very hardy; reblooms if cut back hard, purple flowers
<b>Aster asstd.</b> Aster	**	Perennial flower	Choose single-flowered varieties for bees, light, dark pink & purple flowers
<b>Buddleia</b> Butterfly Bush	<b>40</b> 7	Deciduous shrub	Sky sells non-invasive varieties, honey-like fragrance, purple flowers
<b>Caryopteris</b> Bluebeard	**>	Deciduous shrub	Full sun, long blooming blue/purple flowers, aromatic leaves
<b>Chrysanthemum</b> Mums	**	Perennial flower	Wide variety in species, bees may use pyrethrum to ward off mites
<b>Dahlia</b> Dahlia	<b>X</b> Y	Perennial flower	Full sun, dwarf to dinnerplate sizes, great late summer show
<b>Echinacea purpurea</b> Coneflower	**	Perennial flower	Full sun, red, orange, yellow, pink blooms, seeds attract birds
<b>Echinops asstd.</b> Globe Thistle	**	Perennial flower	Metallic blue flowers, gray green foliage, very cool looking plant
<b>Eryngium asstd.</b> Blue Sea Holly	**	Perennial flower	Unusual metallic blue flowers, attracts beautiful native wasp sp.
<b>Fuchsia, hardy</b> Fuchsia	**>	Perennial flower	Upright, hardy relative of hanging annual fuchsia, delicate flowers
<b>Helianthus annuus</b> Sunflower	**	Annual flower	Full sun, avoid non-allergenic varieties, caterpillar host plant
<b>Helianthus 'Lem. Queen'</b> Lemon Queen Sunflower	**	Perennial flower	Tall sunflower w/ many small lemon yellow flowers in early fall
<b>Hibiscus syriacus</b> Rose of Sharon	Y	Deciduous shrub	Full sun, white, pink, red, purple, lavender tropical blooms
<b>Liatris</b> Gayfeather/Blazing Star	**>	Perennial flower	Full sun, North American native plant with tall purple flower spikes
<b>Mimulus</b> Monkeyflower	**	Perennial flower	Long blooming, full sun, moist soil, caterpillar host plant
<b>Rubus idaeus</b> Raspberry	* >	Deciduous fruit shrub	Everbearing types long blooming June-October, tasty berries
<b>Rudbeckia</b> Black Eyed Susan	**	Perennial flower	Long blooming, self-seeds vigorously, attracts birds, fast-growing
<b>Sedum spectabilis</b> Autumn Joy Sedum	**	Perennial succulent	Pink flowers, drought-tolerant, tough, caterpillar host plant
<b>Solidago</b> Goldenrod	**	PNW Native perennial	Full sun, tall, graceful & abundant golden yellow flowers
<b>Verbena</b> Verbena	×	Annual herb	Long blooming, full sun, deer & rabbit resistant, rainbow of colors

# **AUTUMN/EARLY WINTER** September - December

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Arbutus unedo</b> Strawberry Tree	* >	Evergreen shrub/tree	Related to native madrone; white flowers & red fruit at same time
<b>Camellia sasanqua</b> Camellia	Y	Evergreen shrub	Fall-blooming Many colors; some fragrant
<b>Grevillea</b> Grevillea	Y	Evergreen shrub	Drought tolerant; orange-red flowers fall through spring

#### FOLIAGE PLANTS - No Blooms, great for caterpillar forage

NAME	POLLINATORS	TYPE	NOTES
<b>Acer</b> Maple	×	Deciduous tree	Caterpillar host plant
<b>Calocedrus</b> Incense Cedar	×	Evergreen tree	Caterpillar host plant
<b>Pinus</b> Pine	×	Evergreen tree	Caterpillar host plant
<b>Pseudotsuga menziesii</b> Douglas fir	×	Evergreen tree	Caterpillar host plant